



Commissioning

**DHP-AQ**

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The English language is used for the original instructions.  
Other languages are a translation of the original instructions.  
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## 1 About documents and decals

The following documents are available for this product:

- The Wiring diagrams that contain the wiring diagram for the heat pump intended for fault tracing and service. The Wiring diagrams are available for download as below.
- The User manual must handed over and gone through with the end customer. Supplied with the heat pump on delivery.
- Country specific instructions and forms are available where relevant. Supplied with the heat pump on delivery.
- Self-adhesive decals with translation text. Must be placed on the manufacturing plate in conjunction with installation. Supplied with the heat pump on delivery.




**The Service instructions and Wiring diagrams are available for download here:**

[www.documentation.heatpump.danfoss.com](http://www.documentation.heatpump.danfoss.com)


### 1.1 Symbols in documents

The instructions contain different warning symbols, which, together with text, indicate to the user that there are risks involved with actions to be taken.

The symbols are displayed to the left of the text and three different symbols are used to indicate the degree of danger:

<b>Danger</b> 	Indicates an immediate danger that leads to fatal or serious injury if necessary measures are not taken.
<b>Warning</b> 	Risk of personal injury! Indicates a possible danger that can lead to fatal or serious injury if necessary measures are not taken.
<b>Caution</b> 	Risk of installation damage. Indicates a possible hazard that can lead to item damage if necessary measures are not taken.

A fourth symbol is used to give practical information or tips on how to perform a procedure.

	Information regarding making the handling of the installation easier or a possible operational technical disadvantage.
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### 1.2 Symbols on decals

The following symbols can occur on decals on the different parts of the heat pump. Which symbols are used depends on the heat pump model.

#### 1.2.1 General

	Warning, danger!		Read the documentation provided.
	Read the documentation provided.		Warning, hazardous electrical voltage!

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Warning, hot surfaces!



Warning, moving parts!



Warning, risk of crushing injury!

## 1.2.2 Electrical components



Component, ordinary delivery



Component, accessory



Outdoor unit



Outdoor sensor



Hot water sensor



Hot water top sensor



Flow guard



Drip tray



Shunt valve



Room sensor



or



EVU



Defrost sensor

## 1.2.3 Pipe connections



Tap water



Heating system



Brine system



Defrosting tank



Expansion tank with safety valve, brine



Air bleeding



Temperature and pressure relief valve



Outdoor unit



Water heater

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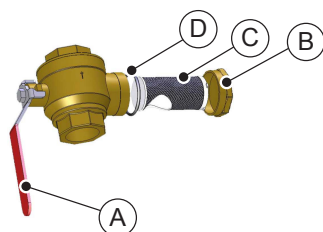
### 2 Checking piping and electrical installation

#### 2.1 Checking the piping installation

Before filling the heating system, check the piping installation according to the checklist below.

For further information, also see the Installation Quick Guide.

Piping checklist	OK	Not OK
Are the pipe connections in accordance with the connection diagram.		
Are the flexible hoses on the supply and return lines installed on the outdoor unit?		
Is the strainer on return line mounted? See figure 1		
Is an expansion vessel installed?		
Is a valve-pipe with safety valve and manometer installed?		
Is a volume tank installed? See <i>Volume tank table below</i>		
Is a filler cock with non-return valve heating system installed?		



A: Stopcock  
B: Cover  
C: Strainer  
D: O-ring

Fig. 1: Strainer

#### Warning



In order to secure the defrosting of the outdoor unit, a minimum amount of water must be contained in the heating system. This is shown in the table below.

If the heating system itself holds the amount of water described in the table, a volume tank is not needed, but recommended.

Volume tank table	Unit	6 kW	9 kW	11 kW	13 kW	16 kW	18 kW
Min water volume in heating system. DHP-AQ Mini and DHP-AQ Midi	l	120	180	220	260	320	360
Min water volume in heating system. DHP-AQ Maxi	l	60	90	110	130	160	180



If the amount of water in the heating system is not sufficient, Low Pressure alarms may occur.

#### For DHP-AQ Maxi, also check:

Water heater checklist	OK	Not OK
Bleed valve installed		


#### For DHP-AQ Mini, also check:

External Water heater checklist	OK	Not OK
Exchange valve installed (factory installed in DHP-AQ Midi and DHP-AQ Maxi)		

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## 2.2 Checking the electrical installation

Before turning on electrical power, check the electrical installation according to the checklist below

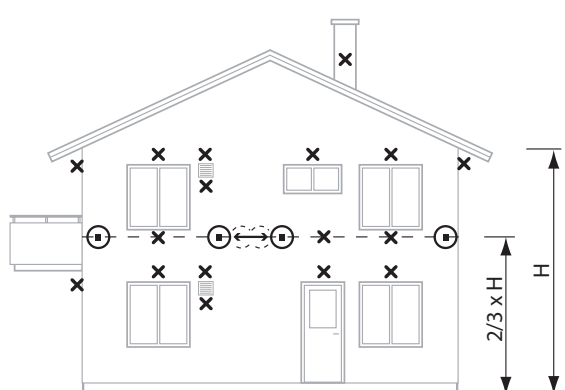
Electrical installation checklist	OK	Not OK
Are circuit-breakers installed? One for indoor unit and one for outdoor unit (not included in the delivery)		
Are correct fuses installed? See fuse table below		
Positioning of the outdoor sensor. See image below		
Is communication cable between heat pump and control centre connected? See Installation Quick Guide Especially check the shield connection		
 Communication cable must be 2 pair shielded Twisted Pair and UV resistant for outdoor use.		

### Fuse table

Fuse table	Unit	6 kW	9 kW	11 kW	13 kW	16 kW	18 kW
230V 1-N 50Hz heat pump	A	20		32			—
230V 1-N, 50Hz control unit	A	16 <sup>17</sup> /30 <sup>18</sup> /40 <sup>19</sup>					
400V 3-N 50Hz heat pump	A	10		16			
400V 3-N, 50Hz control unit	A	10 <sup>12</sup> /16 <sup>13</sup> /16 <sup>14</sup> /20 <sup>15</sup> /25 <sup>16</sup>					

- 12) Heat pump with 3 kW additional heater.
- 13) Heat pump with 6 kW additional heater.
- 14) Heat pump with 9 kW additional heater.
- 15) 12 kW additional heater. (Compressor off). Power step 4
- 16) 15 kW additional heater. (Compressor off). Power step 5
- 17) Heat pump with 3 kW additional heater.
- 18) Heat pump with 6 kW additional heater.
- 19) Heat pump with 9 kW additional heater.

### Positioning of the outdoor sensor



- ⊠ Recommended location
- X Unsuitable location

- Position the outdoor sensor on the north or north west side of the house.
- Make sure that the outdoor sensor is not placed in direct sun light.
- For higher buildings, the sensor should be positioned between the second and third storeys. Its location must not be completely protected from the wind but not in a direct draft. The outdoor sensor should not be placed on reflective panel walls.
- The sensor must be positioned at least 1 m from openings in the walls that emit hot air.
- If the sensor cable is connected through a pipe, the pipe must be sealed so that the sensor is not affected by outgoing air.

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## 3 Filling and bleeding

See Installation Quick Guide for more information.

1. Fill the system with cold water by opening the filler valve, that is on the valve pipe, to a pressure of 1 bar.
2. Open all radiator valves fully.
3. Bleed all radiators.
4. Bleed the outdoor unit. See figure 3.
5. Refill the heating system to a pressure of 1 bar.
6. Repeat the procedure until all air has been removed.
7. Check the system for leakage.



Leave all radiator valves fully open.



To bleed the out door unit, remove the lower front hatch and right hand side cover.

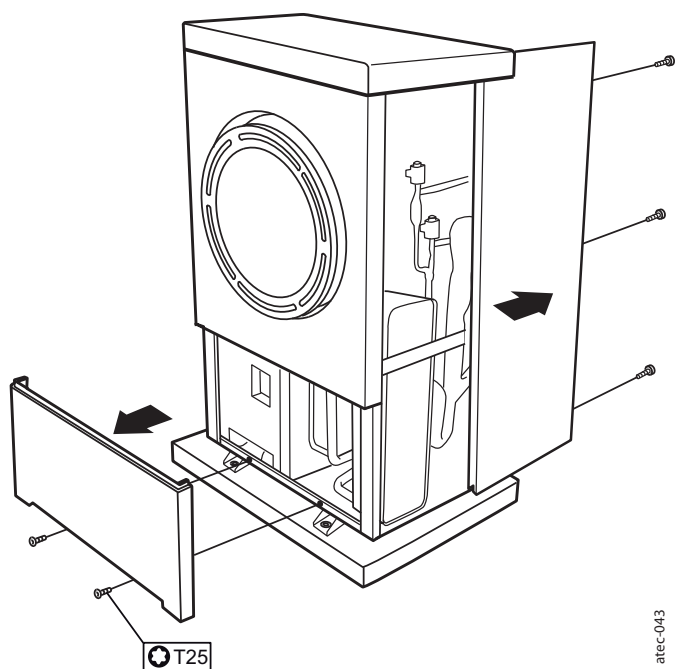


Fig. 2: Remove front hatch and side cover

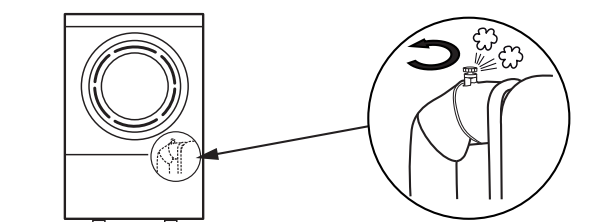


Fig. 3: Bleed the outdoor unit



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## 4 Configuration of control system



To avoid alarms during start-up, the outdoor unit must be powered on.



Make the settings in the order they appear in the text that follows

Further information about parameters in the control system are found in the Information Menu and Service Menu chapters in the Technical Description

### 4.1 Select display language

The following settings are made in the Information Menu. To enter the Information Menu, press left (<) arrow. Use + or – to move up and down in the menu.

Select display language in the INFORMATION menu:

- INFORMATION
  - Press – button several times to get to the LANGUAGE entry
    - Press right arrow button to enter the LANGUAGE menu
      - Use + or – buttons to navigate to desired language
        - Press right arrow to chose language. An asterisk (\*) will appear next to chosen language
          - Press left arrow twice to exit the Information Menu

### 4.2 Heat pump size settings

The following settings are made in the Service Menu. To enter the Service Menu, press and hold left (<) arrow for at least 5 seconds. Use + or – to move up and down in the menu.

Set the output size of the heat pump is in the menu:

- SERVICE
  - INSTALLATION
    - SYSTEM
      - HEAT SOURCE
        - AIR
          - DIRECT EVAP.
            - Press right arrow (>) for approximately 20 seconds to enter the Heat Pump size entry.
              - Use + or – buttons to select Heat Pump size in kW
                - Press right arrow (>) to confirm the choice. An asterisk (\*) will appear next to the chosen value
                  - Press left arrow (<) several times to navigate to the service menu

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### 4.3 Factory setting

This setting is the setting that will be the future default setting. It will not affect the previously made size setting.

The following settings are made in the Service Menu. If not already in the Service Menu, enter the Service Menu by pressing and holding left (<) arrow for at least 5 seconds. Use + or – to move up and down in the menu.

Make a factory setting and select heating system with the parameters in the SERVICE menu:

- SERVICE
  - INSTALLATION
    - FACTORY SET
      - Use + or – buttons to select FLOOR or RADIATOR. If CANCEL is selected, the system is reset to the default delivery setting.
      - Press right arrow (>) to select the appropriate value. If the system is a mix of radiator and floor heating, RADIATOR is chosen.
        - An asterisk (\*) will appear to confirm the setting
          - To exit factory setting, press left arrow (<) 5 times to enter service menu

### 4.4 Activation of optimum circulation (variable speed) pump



Optimum pump is factory installed in DHP-AQ Midi and DHP-AQ Maxi. The OPTIMUM option is however not activated from factory.



If fixed speed circulation pump is used, may be the case for DHP-AQ Mini, then skip this setting.

The following settings are made in the Service Menu. If not already in the Service Menu, enter the Service Menu by pressing and holding left (<) arrow for at least 5 seconds. Use + or – to move up and down in the menu.

Activation of optimum (variable speed) pump in the SERVICE menu:

- SERVICE
  - INSTALLATION
    - SYSTEM
      - OPTIMUM
        - Press right arrow (>) to enter the optimum function  
The off symbol (⏻) is shown
          - Press + to activate the optimum function
            - **ON** will appear to confirm the setting

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### 4.5 Set hot water start temperature and activate hot water

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Start by setting the start temperature to 40°C. The start temperature setting is made in the Service Menu. If not already in the Service Menu, enter the Service Menu by pressing and holding left (<) arrow for at least 5 seconds. Use + or – to move up and down in the menu.

Setting the hot water start temperature to 40°C in the SERVICE menu:

- SERVICE
  - Press right arrow (>) to enter HOT WATER menu
    - Press right arrow (>) to activate START sub menu
      - Press plus (+) to enter START sub menu
        - Press plus (+) to set the desired temperature. Recommended start temperature is 40°C
        - Press left arrow several times to exit the Service Menu

#### Activate hot water production

The following settings are made in the Information Menu. To enter the Information Menu, press left (<) arrow. Use + or – to move up and down in the menu.

Activating the hot water production in the INFORMATION menu:

- INFORMATION
  - Press minus (-) to get to the HOT WATER entry
    - Press right arrow (>) to select hot water
      - Press right arrow (>) to activate hot water sub menu
        - Press plus (+) to activate the hot water production
          - **ON** will appear to confirm the setting
            - Press left arrow several times to exit the Information Menu

### 4.6 Activate the electric auxiliary heater in DHP-AQ Midi and DHP-AQ Maxi

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If the heat demand is greater than the heat pump's compressor capacity, the immersion heater engages automatically in operating mode AUTO. DHP-AQ Midi and DHP-AQ Maxi has three outputs, IMM. HEAT 1, IMM. HEAT 2 and IMM. HEAT 3 and output can be controlled in five steps.

The two power steps, step 4 and step 5 for DHP-AQ Midi and DHP-AQ Maxi cannot be activated when the compressor is running. Immersion heater step: +4 and +5 can be connected when the compressor is running and must only be selected on the condition that the building where the heat pump is installed has a large heating demand and the building's electric installation is suitable for high current consumption. In the event of an alarm, the immersion heater engages automatically on the condition that operating mode AUTO is selected and that at least one additional step is permitted.

In DHP-AQ Midi and DHP-AQ Maxi a multi power stage heater (IMM HEATER) is factory installed. The heat pump control system engage the appropriate amount of heating power to ensure the desired heating system temperature. Below is a table describing the different power steps.

In power steps 1 – 3, +4 and +5, the compressor and the electric auxiliary heater can be engaged at the same time. In power steps 4 and 5 only the electric auxiliary heater is engaged.



Power steps +4 and +5 can only be engaged for 400V 3-N electric auxiliary heater

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**Caution**

Check installed fuses before making any settings.



| Power steps | Heating power in kW               | Control panel (single phase 1-N) fuse size (A) | Control panel (three phase 3-N) fuse size (A) |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| 1           | 3, immersion heater only          | 16   | 10  |
| 2           | 6, immersion heater only          | 30   | 16  |
| 3           | 9, immersion heater only          | 40   | 16  |
| 4           | 12, immersion heater only         | —  | 20  |
| 5           | 15, immersion heater only         | —  | 25  |
| +4          | 12, immersion heater + compressor | —  | 25  |
| +5          | 15, immersion heater + compressor | —  | 25  |

### 230V 1-N Electric auxiliary heater

The following settings are made in the Service Menu. If not already in the Service Menu, enter the Service Menu by pressing and holding left (<) arrow for at least 5 seconds. Use + or – to move up and down in the menu.



Electric auxiliary heater for 230V, 1-N. Step 3 is highest setting

Setting of electric auxiliary heater for 230V, 1-N. Max step 3 in the SERVICE menu:

- SERVICE
  - AUX. HEATER.
    - MAX STEP
      - Select max step

### 400V 3-N Electric auxiliary heater

The following settings are made in the Service Menu. If not already in the Service Menu, enter the Service Menu by pressing and holding left (<) arrow for at least 5 seconds. Use + or – to move up and down in the menu.



Electric auxiliary heater for 400V, 3-N. Step 5 is highest setting

Setting of electric auxiliary heater for 400V, 3-N. Max step 5 in the SERVICE menu:

- SERVICE
  - AUX. HEATER.
    - MAX STEP
      - Select max step

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### 4.7 Activate electrical auxiliary heater in DHP-AQ Mini



If a single power stage heater is used (on/off heater, can be an oil burner or equivalent), this setting is the appropriate one.  
The potential free outputs must be used.  
If a multi power stage heater is installed, use the settings in the chapter above: "Activate the electric auxiliary heater in DHP-AQ Midi and DHP-AQ Maxi"

The following settings are made in the Service Menu. If not already in the Service Menu, enter the Service Menu by pressing and holding left (<) arrow for at least 5 seconds. Use + or - to move up and down in the menu.

Activating the electric auxiliary heater in the SERVICE menu:

- SERVICE
  - AUX HEATER
    - MAX STEP
      - P
        - Press left arrow several times to exit the Service Menu

### 4.8 Activate active cooling

The cooling function is primarily temperature controlled and starts when the return line sensor reaches the set value for START. Default setting is OFF

The heating system is cooled by reversing the heating process and distribute cold water on to the heating system.

The following settings are made in the Service Menu. If not already in the Service Menu, enter the Service Menu by pressing and holding left (<) arrow for at least 5 seconds. Use + or - to move up and down in the menu.

Activate active cooling in the service menu:

- SERVICE
  - COOLING
    - INTEGRATED IN HP
      - Press right arrow (>) to activate. An asterisk (\*) appears

Active cooling is configured by the parameters shown below:

| Parameter             | Meaning   |
|-----------------------|---|
| <b>COOLING TIME</b>   | When the heat pump must alternate between different demands for example heating, hot water, pool heating and cooling, cooling will be produced according to the set number of minutes.<br>Default setting: 20M, range: 5M — 40M |
| <b>MAX START TEMP</b> | Outdoor temperature when the cooling should start.<br>Default setting: 30°C, range: COOLING->START — 55°C   |
| <b>MIN STOP TEMP</b>  | Supply line temperature when the cooling should stop.<br><b>NOTE: Too low temperature may result in condensation on the radiators.</b><br>Default setting: 16°C, range: 5°C — COOLING->STOP                                     |
| <b>ROOM SENSOR</b>    | Activation of room sensor function for influencing cooling production.<br><b>NOTE: Room sensor must be installed and activated.</b><br>Default setting:  range:  — ON   |

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| Parameter                | Meaning   |
|--------------------------|---|
| <b>COOL.HYST.RS LOW</b>  | This setting is available only if ROOM SENSOR is activated<br>The compressor is stopped if the temperature from the room sensors drops below the desired temperature minus the value set in COOL.HYST.RS LOW<br><br>Default setting: +1°C |
| <b>COOL.HYST.RS HIGH</b> | This setting is available only if ROOM SENSOR is activated<br>The compressor is started when the temperature rises above the desired temperature plus the value set in COOL.HYST.RS HIGH .<br><br>Default setting: +1°C                   |

### 4.9 Distribution circuits



The only use for a mixing valve is in a heating system with an external heat source (an oil burner or equivalent) or where there are more than one heating circuits, for example a mix of radiator and underfloor heating.

There are three available mixing valve options:

- **Mixing valve** (Activation, see chapter "Activate the external auxiliary heater in Atec Standard")
- **Distribution circuit (DISTR. CIRCUIT) 1**
- **Distribution circuit (DISTR. CIRCUIT) 2**

The **mixing valve** is used between the heat pump, an external auxiliary heater (may be an oil burner or equivalent) and the heating system. The purpose of this valve is to mix cold water into the heated water from the external auxiliary heater (on/off heater) to ensure that the temperature out on the heating system is not too high. The control system in the heat pump controls the mixing of hot and cold water out on the heating system.

**Distribution circuits 1 and 2** are used where there are more than one heating circuit, for example a mix of radiator and underfloor heating. The purpose of these distribution circuits are to supply a preset temperature to each one of the heating circuits.

#### Activating DISTR. CIRCUIT 1

The following settings are made in the Service Menu. If not already in the Service Menu, enter the Service Menu by pressing and holding left (<) arrow for at least 5 seconds. Use + or – to move up and down in the menu.

Activating distribution circuit 1 in the SERVICE menu:

- SERVICE
  - INSTALLATION
    - SYSTEM
      - DISTR. CIRCUIT 1
        - HEAT CURVE or CONSTANT TEMP



When HEAT CURVE is selected, the distribution circuit controls to the set heat curve.  
When CONSTANT TEMP is selected, distribution circuit controls a constant temperature regardless of outdoor temperature.

- Press left arrow several times to exit the Service Menu



DISTR. CIRCUIT 2 requires expansion card

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## 5 Manual test

**Caution**



The installation may only be commissioned if the heating system and water heater have been filled and bled. Otherwise the circulation pump can be damaged.

**Caution**



Any alarms that may occur in connection with the installation must be fault-traced.

### 5.1 Activate MANUAL TEST





Two persons is recommended when doing the manual tests. One at the control display and one at the outdoor unit.

MANUAL TEST has three options:

- Zero (0): deactivate manual test
- One (1): activate manual test. This option allows navigating only within the MANUAL TEST menu
- Two (2): activate manual test with the option of navigating out of the MANUAL TEST menu to check temperatures etc.

**Set the heat pump in stand-by mode in the INFORMATION menu:**

- Press left arrow (<) to enter the INFORMATION menu
  - Press right arrow (>) to enter the OPERAT. menu
    - Press right arrow (>)
    - Press – button to move down to  (Off)
      - Press right arrow (>) to confirm. The asterisk \* is now to the right of  (Off)
        - Press left arrow several times to exit the Information Menu
          - Enter the Service Menu by pressing and holding left (<) arrow for at least 5 seconds.
            - Press – button to navigate to the MANUAL TEST entry
              - Press right arrow (>) to enter the MANUAL TEST menu
                - Press + button to select option 2.
                  - Press left arrow once to exit



The test cases in the table below are available in MANUAL TEST. Required test cases are described in the chapters that follows. Test cases not described are optional.

| Parameter                | Meaning   |
|--------------------------|---|
| <b>COMPRESSOR</b>        | 0 = stop compressor<br>1 = start compressor   |
| <b>SYSTEM CIRC. PUMP</b> | 0 = stop system circulation pump<br>1 = start system circulation pump   |
| <b>CIRC. PUMP</b>        | 0-10V for test of speed controlled circulation pump. Depending on type and number of connected circulation pumps, this parameter will contain different information. In the event of pumps with fixed speed, the selection 0 = stop and 1 = start are available |
| <b>FAN</b>               | 0-10V for test of the speed controlled fan  |
| <b>FOUR-WAY VALVE</b>    | 0 = four way valve is set for heating<br>1 = four way valve is set for defrosting/cooling   |
| <b>EXPANSION VALVE</b>   | 0 – 100% for test of electronic expansion valve.  |
| <b>SOLENOID</b>          | 0 = closed solenoid<br>1 = open solenoid  |

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| Parameter               | Meaning  |
|-------------------------|--|
| <b>COMPR.HE</b>         | 0 = compressor heater off<br>1 = compressor heater on  |
| <b>DRIP TRAY</b>        | 0 = drip tray heater off<br>1 = drip tray heater on  |
| <b>REV.V. HOT WATER</b> | 0 = reversing valve in heating mode<br>1 = reversing valve in hot water mode   |
| <b>IMM. HEAT 1</b>      | 0 = stop of internal immersion heater power stage 1<br>1 = start of internal immersion heater power stage 1                        |
| <b>IMM. HEAT 2</b>      | 0 = stop of internal immersion heater power stage 2<br>1 = start of internal immersion heater power stage 2                        |
| <b>IMM. HEAT 3</b>      | 0 = stop of internal immersion heater power stage 3<br>1 = start of internal immersion heater power stage 3                        |
| <b>EXT.AUX.HEATER</b>   | 0 = stop external heat source (230V)<br>1 = start external heat source (230V)  |
| <b>POT.FREE</b>         | 0 = potential free output for control of auxiliary heater open<br>1 = potential free output for control of auxiliary heater closed |
| <b>CIRC. PUMP DC 1</b>  | 0 = stop circulation pump in discharge circuit 1<br>1 = start circulation pump in discharge circuit 1                              |
| <b>SHUNT DC 1</b>       | - = closes shunt in discharge circuit 1<br>0 = shunt unaffected<br>+ = opens shunt in discharge circuit 1                          |
| <b>CIRC. PUMP DC 2</b>  | 0 = stop circulation pump in discharge circuit 2<br>1 = start circulation pump in discharge circuit 2                              |
| <b>SHUNT DC 2</b>       | - = closes shunt in discharge circuit 2<br>0 = shunt unaffected<br>+ = opens shunt in discharge circuit 2                          |
| <b>SYSTEM SHUNT</b>     | - = closes shunt<br>0 = shunt unaffected<br>+ = opens shunt  |
| <b>RET.L. HP SHUNT</b>  | - = closes return line shunt in systems with buffer tank<br>0 = shunt unaffected<br>+ = opens shunt in systems with buffer tank    |
| <b>REV. V. POOL</b>     | 0 = reversing valve in normal mode<br>1 = reversing valve in pool mode   |
| <b>ALARM</b>            | 0 = no voltage on output 201.6 External alarm<br>1 = 230V on output 201.6 External alarm   |
| <b>DIGITAL OUT 5V</b>   | 0 = no voltage on output 204.1<br>1 = 5V (2mA) on output 204.1   |

### 5.2 Test the circulation pump

#### Optimum (variable speed) circulation pump



If a fixed speed circulation pump is used, may be the case for DHP-AQ Mini, do the test according to the next chapter: "**Constant speed circulation pump**"

Optimum (variable speed) circulation pump is factory installed in DHP-AQ Midi and DHP-AQ Maxi. The OPTIMUM option is however not activated from factory.

The following settings are made in the MANUAL TEST menu. To activate MANUAL TEST, see description above. Use + or - to move up and down in the menu.



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The optimum option must be activated.  
See "Activation of optimum (variable speed) pump" in the chapter "Configuration of control system"

In the MANUAL TEST menu:

1. Use + or – to navigate to the CIRC. PUMP entry
  - Press + to set circulation pump speed. Set a value between 30% and 100%.
    - Check that the circulation pump is running by listening and/or placing a hand on the circulation pump.
2. Stop the circulation pump by setting the CIRC. PUMP value to 0.

### Constant speed circulation pump

The constant speed circulation normally have three speed settings: Low (1), medium (2) and high (3). These settings are done directly on the circulation pump. See circulation pump manual for further information.

The following settings are made in the MANUAL TEST menu. To activate MANUAL TEST, see description above. Use + or – to move up and down in the menu.

In the MANUAL TEST menu:

1. Use + or – to navigate to the CIRC. PUMP entry
  - Press + start circulation pump system (1)
    - Press left arrow once
      - Use + or – to navigate to the CIRC. PUMP entry
        - Press + to activate the circulation pump (1).
          - Check that the circulation pump is running by listening and/or placing a hand on the circulation pump.
2. Stop the circulation pump by setting the CIRC. PUMP value to 0.

### 5.3 Test exchange valve for hot water (if installed)

1. Activate the reversing valve by setting the value REV.V. HOT WATER to 1.
2. Check that the indicator on the exchange valve's upper side changes position.

### 5.4 Test the compressor

1. Start the circulation pump by setting the value CIRC.PUMP to: 1 (OPTIMUM not selected), 30-100% (OPTIMUM selected) .
2. Start the compressor by setting the value COMPRESSOR to 1.
3. Check that there are no strange noises.
4. If it sounds abnormal refer to the Service instructions.
5. Check that the pressure pipe gets hot. See image. **Risk of burn injury**

#### Caution



If the pressure pipe remains cold or there is abnormal noise from the compressor, check the electrical installation. The phases may have been shifted so the compressor runs backwards.

6. Stop the compressor by setting the COMPRESSOR value to 0.
7. Stop the circulation pump by setting the CIRC. PUMP value to 0.



Fig. 4: The pressure pipe (1) should get hot during operation

## Commissioning

### 5.5 Test the auxiliary heater

1. Start the circulation pump by setting the value CIRC.PUMP to: 1 (OPTIMUM not selected), 30-100% (OPTIMUM selected) .
2. Start the auxiliary heater by setting the value of present EXT. AUX. HEAT to 1.
3. Check that the auxiliary heater works by exiting the MANUAL TEST menu and enter the INFORMATION -> OP. DATA menu and check that the temperature of SUPPLY LINE rises.
4. Return to the menu MANUAL TEST and stop the auxiliary heater by setting EXT. AUX. HEATER value to 0.
5. Stop the circulation pump by setting the SYSTEM CIRC. PUMP value to 0.

### 5.6 Test the fan

1. Start the fan by setting the value FAN to between 3 - 10V (30 - 100%). Check that the fan is running.
2. Stop the fan by setting the FAN value to 0.

### 5.7 Checking the four way valve

1. Start the circulation pump by setting the value CIRC.PUMP to: 1 (OPTIMUM not selected), 30-100% (OPTIMUM selected) .
2. Start the compressor by setting the value COMPRESSOR to 1.
3. Start the fan by setting the value FAN to between 3 - 10V (30 - 100%).
4. Check the temperature on the supply line (INFORMATION -> OP. DATA) after a few minutes.
5. Switch the four way valve (FOUR-WAY VALVE = 1).
6. Check that the temperature of the supply line drops.
7. Reset the four-way valve and stop the fan, compressor and circulation pump

### 5.8 Checking sensors

Check the defrost sensor temperature so that it corresponds to the actual outdoor temperature. Checked in the INFORMATION -> OP. DATA menu, DEFR SENSOR

Check applicable sensors described in the table below.

| Parameter                     | Meaning   |
|-------------------------------|---|
| <b>OUTD</b>                   | Shows the temperature on the outdoor sensor.  |
| <b>ROOM</b>                   | Shows the temperature on the room sensor.   |
| <b>SUPPLY LINE</b>            | Shows the temperature on the supply line sensor.<br>The calculated supply temperature to the heating system group is within brackets. |
| <b>RETURN LINE</b>            | Shows the temperature on the return line sensor.<br>The stop temperature, MAX RETURN is within brackets.                              |
| <b>SYSTEM SUPPLY</b>          | Displays the temperature of the system supply line sensor at the buffer tank system or if the external auxiliary heater is activated. |
| <b>DISTRIBUTION CIRCUIT 1</b> | Shows the temperature on the distr. cir. 1 sensor.<br>The calculated supply temperature for the shunt group is within brackets.       |
| <b>DISTRIBUTION CIRCUIT 2</b> | Shows the temperature on the distr. cir. 2 sensor.<br>The calculated supply temperature for the shunt group is within brackets.       |
| <b>BUFFER TANK</b>            | Shows the temperature on the sensor for the buffer tank.  |
| <b>HOT WATER</b>              | Displays the temperature on the hot water sensor on the condition that hot water production is permitted.                             |
| <b>INTEGRAL</b>               | Shows the actual calculated value for the integral.   |
| <b>REFR 1</b>                 | Shows the temperature at refrigerant sensor 1.  |
| <b>REFR 2</b>                 | Shows the temperature at refrigerant sensor 2.  |
| <b>POOL</b>                   | Displays the temperature on the pool sensor on the condition that pool operation is permitted.  |

## Commissioning

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| Parameter             | Meaning   |
|-----------------------|---|
| <b>CURRENT</b>        | Displays the current consumption in Amperes. The set value for MAX CURRENT is shown in brackets. Only appears if CURRENT LIMITER is selected in the Service menu. |
| <b>DISCH. PIPE</b>    | Shows the temperature at the discharge pipe sensor.   |
| <b>SUCTION GAS</b>    | Shows the temperature of the suction gas.   |
| <b>EVAP. PRESSURE</b> | Shows the pressure of the suction gas pipe. Measured in bar atmospheric pressure, bar (a).  |
| <b>DEFR SENSOR</b>    | Shows the temperature of the defrost sensor.  |

### 5.9 Exit test operation

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Set the value for MANUAL TEST to 0.

### 5.10 Insulate the piping

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When the manual testing is finished, do a final check for leaks and insulate the piping.

---

**Caution**



Make sure that pipes transporting cold water are insulated to prevent condensation damage.

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## Commissioning

### 6 Starting up

Now it's time to start the system and do the final settings and adjustments.

#### 6.1 Starting the system

Set the heat pump to the desired operating mode in the menu INFORMATION -> OPERAT. The following operating modes are available:

| Parameter  | Meaning   |
|--|---|
|  (OFF) | The installation is fully switched off. This mode is also used to acknowledge certain alarms. To select OFF as operating mode, press the minus sign once to scroll down one step and press the right arrow once. Press CANCEL to return to the starting point without changing. |
| <b>AUTO</b>  | Automatic operation with both heat pump and auxiliary heater permitted. If the number of power stages for auxiliary heating are set to zero (SERVICE -> AUX. HEATER -> MAX STEP) only AUTO or COMPRESSOR can be selected as operating mode.                                     |
| <b>COMPRESSOR</b>  | Operation with only compressor permitted. (No hot water produced, operation with auxiliary heater not permitted.)   |
| <b>AUX. HEATER</b>   | Operation with only auxiliary heater permitted.   |
| <b>HOT WATER</b>   | Operation with heat pump for hot water production and auxiliary heater during peak heating charging (anti-legionella function).   |
| <b>MANUAL TEST</b>   | Only displayed when the value for MANUAL TEST is set to 2 in the SERVICE menu. Outputs that control components are activated manually.  |



Remember that it takes time for the heat pump to heat a cold house. It is best to let the heat pump work at its own pace and NOT raise or alter any values in the control system to try to heat it up more rapidly.

#### Caution



If there is an alarm in conjunction with installation it usually means that there is air in the system.

#### Caution



In the event of longer periods of downtime and risk of ice build-up in the system, the heat pump must be drained of water.

#### 6.2 Adaptation of the heating system

The circulation pump settings may have to be adjusted to fit the heating system, for instance an underfloor heating or radiator system. The delta temperature (the difference between the supply line and return line) should be 7–10°C. If this is not reached, the flow of the circulation pump may need adjusting depending on the applicable heating system.

The circulation pump must provide sufficient flow in the system. This to ensure that the defrosting of the outdoor unit is secured and to allow the heat pump to start. Sufficient flow is indicated by an "F" in the default display (flow sensor closed).



A high setting may result in noise and vibrations in the heating system.  
A too low setting may result in high pressure-, or low heat circulation flow alarms.

#### Setting of START FLOW CIRC. value for optimum (variable speed) circulation pump

The start flow is maintained for one minute. After one minute, the circulation pump and control system takes over the speed control.

## Commissioning

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Default setting: 7V, range: 3V – 10V (30 - 100%)

The following settings are made in the Service Menu. If not already in the Service Menu, enter the Service Menu by pressing and holding left (<) arrow for at least 5 seconds. Use + or – to move up and down in the menu.

- SERVICE
  - OPTIMUM
    - START FLOW CIRC.
      - Press + to set the start circulation pump speed. See note below.
      - Press left arrow several times to exit the SERVICE MENU



Start with a high setting, for example 10V.

Check that the circulation pump is running by listening, placing a hand on the circulation pump and listen for air in the system.

If no flow is registered at 10V, check the system for air and bleed if necessary. See chapter "Filling and bleeding". Also check that all heat system valves are open.

If flow is detected, normally within 60 seconds, decrease the setting by 10% (1V) until the flow is so low that the **F** in the default display disappears.

(You must exit the SERVICE MENU and enter the default display for each decrease in speed)

Note the last reading for the **F** in the display and increase that value by 10%. This value is to be used as a setting in START FLOW CIRC.

---

### Adjusting the fixed speed pump speed

- Start with maximum speed setting.
- Check that the circulation pump is running by listening, placing a hand on the circulation pump and listen for air in the system.
- If flow is detected, normally within 60 seconds, decrease the setting until the flow is so low that the **F** in the default display disappears.



If no flow is registered, check the system for air and bleed if necessary. See chapter "Filling and bleeding". Also check that the flow sensor is in the correct direction (check the arrow on the flow sensor) and also that all heat system valves are open.

- Set the speed on the pump to the value where sufficient flow is guaranteed.
- Check the delta temperature (the difference between the supply line and return line) should be 7–10°C. The delta is checked in the INFORMATION MENU, see description as follows.

### Check the delta temperature



The time it takes to get a correct and stable reading of the delta is dependant of the size of the heating system.

---

The following settings are made in the INFORMATION MENU. If not already in the INFORMATION MENU, enter the INFORMATION MENU from the default display by pressing (<) arrow. Use + or – to move up and down in the menu.

- INFORMATION MENU
  - OP. DATA
    - SUPPLY LINE / RETURN LINE

# Commissioning

## 6.3 Reinstall the lower front hatch and side cover

After completed checks and tests the lower front hatch and side cover must be reinstalled on the out door unit. See figure 5.

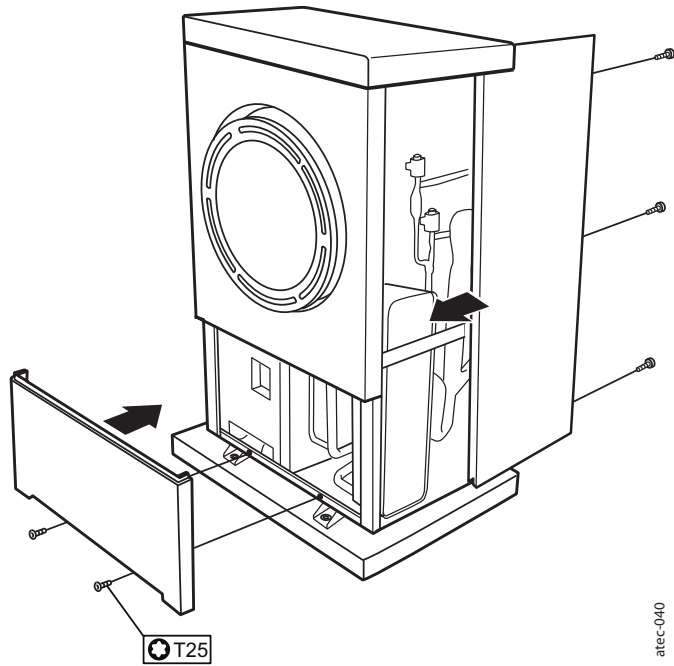


Fig. 5: Reinstall lower front hatch and side cover

# Commissioning

## 7 Tuning the system

### 7.1 Tuning the heating system

To obtain a heating system balance and obtain an even and comfortable indoor temperature, the heating system may need adjustment according to the example below.

The indoor temperature is adjusted by changing the *heat curve*. The heat curve calculates the supply temperature depending on the outdoor temperature. The lower the outdoor temperature, the higher the supply temperature.

The heat curve may need to be adapted to obtain a pleasant indoor temperature in any weather conditions. A correctly set heat curve reduces maintenance and gives an energy efficient operation. See chapter *CURVE* for more information.



Adjust the heating system during the cold season to obtain the best possible performance.



Tuning must be carried out over a few days as the inertia in the heating system causes the indoor temperature to change slowly.

#### Tuning example

1. Choose one of the rooms, where the highest temperature is desired (20-21°C), as a reference room for the indoor temperature.
2. Place a thermometer in the room.
3. Open all radiator valves fully.
4. Leave the ROOM value set at 20°C.  
See chapter *ROOM* for more information.
5. Note the temperature in the reference room regularly over a 24 hour period.
6. Adjust the ROOM value so that the reference room reaches your required indoor temperature of 20-21°C. Remember that other rooms will have different temperatures during tuning, but these are adjusted later.
7. If the ROOM value must be adjusted more than 3°C upwards or downwards the CURVE value must be adjusted instead.  
See chapter *CURVE* for more information.
8. If the indoor temperature varies several degrees despite tuning, a specific part of the heat curve may need adjusting. Check at what outdoor temperature the variation is greatest and adjust the curve at the corresponding value (CURVE 5, CURVE 0, CURVE -5).  
See chapter *Adjusting the heat curve at -5°C, 0°C and 5°C* for more information.
9. When the reference room has an even temperature of 20 - 21°C over a 24 hour period, you can adjust the radiator valves in the other rooms so that their indoor temperatures are the same temperature or lower than the reference room.

### 7.2 CURVE

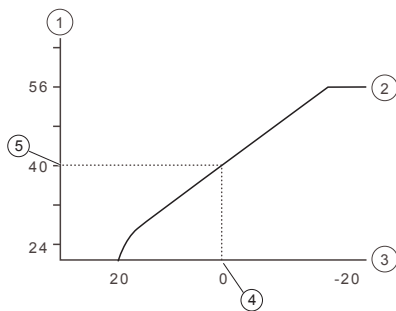
The most energy efficient and cost effective setting is achieved by changing the CURVE value to adjust the temperature in the house to an even and constant temperature.

The control computer shows the value for CURVE by means of a graph in the display. The heat curve can be changed by adjusting the CURVE value. The value for the CURVE indicates which value on the supply temperature is required in relation to the outdoor temperature.



For a temporary increase or reduction, adjust the ROOM value instead.

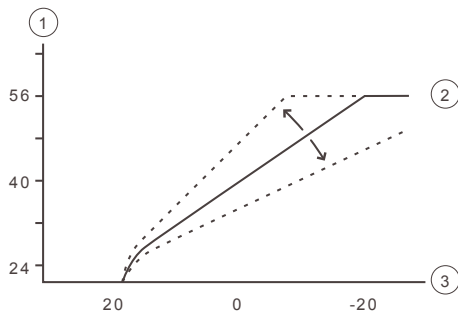
## Commissioning



1. Supply temperature (°C)
2. Maximum supply temperature
3. Outdoor temperature (°C)
4. 0°C
5. Value for CURVE is 40°C

Fig. 6: Graph showing the set value 40 for CURVE.

In the event of outdoor temperatures below 0°C, a higher setpoint value is calculated and in the event of outdoor temperatures greater than 0°C, a lower setpoint value is calculated.



1. Supply temperature (°C)
2. Maximum supply temperature
3. Outdoor temperature (°C)

Fig. 7: Increasing or reducing the CURVE changes the slope of the curve.

If the CURVE value is increased, the heat curve will become steeper and if the value is reduced, it will become flatter.

### 7.3 ROOM

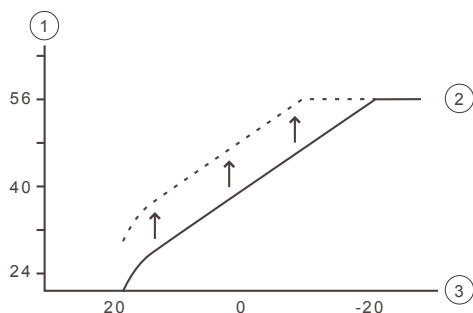
If you wish to temporarily increase or reduce the indoor temperature, change the ROOM value. The difference between changing the ROOM value and the CURVE value is as follows:

When changing the ROOM value, the angle of the curve on the system's heat curve does not change, instead the entire heat curve is moved by 3°C for every degree change of the ROOM value.

The reason that the curve is adjusted 3°C is that an approximate 3°C increase in supply temperature is usually needed to increase the indoor temperature 1°C.



## Commissioning



1. Supply temperature (°C)
2. Desired supply temperature
3. Outdoor temperature (°C)

Fig. 8: Changing the ROOM value changes the heat curve upwards or downwards

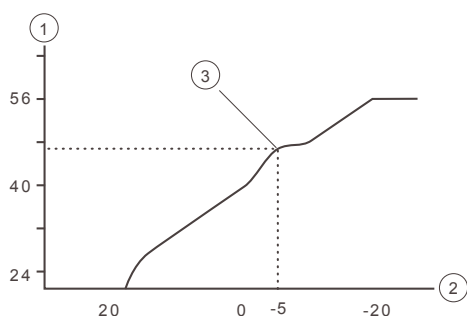
The relationship of the supply temperature to the outdoor temperature will not be affected.

### 7.4 Adjusting the CURVE at -5°C, 0°C and +5°C

Sometimes, at outdoor temperatures between -5°C and +5°C, part of the heat curve may need adjusting if the indoor temperature is not constant. For this reason, the control system includes a function which only adjusts the heat curve at three outdoor temperatures: -5°C, 0°C and +5°C.

This function will allow one to increase or reduce the setpoint value for the supply line temperature, without affecting the rest of the heat curve, at three specific outdoor temperatures. If, for example, the outdoor temperature is -5°C, the supply temperature will change gradually between 0°C and -10°C, maximum adjustment being reached at -5°C.

The figure below shows the adjusted CURVE -5. The adjustment can be seen in the graph in the form of a bump. Choose to adjust the heat curve individually at three specified outdoor temperatures: -5°C, 0°C and +5°C. The supply temperature can be changed by plus/minus 5°C.



1. Supply temperature (°C)
2. Outdoor temperature (°C)
3. Local higher supply temperature at -5°C

Fig. 9: The adjusted curve at -5°C

### 7.5 HEAT STOP

The HEAT STOP function automatically stops all production of radiator heat when the outdoor temperature is equal to, or higher than, the value entered for heat stop.

When the heat stop function is activated, the circulation pump will be turned off - except when hot water is being produced. The circulation pump will be "exercised" for one minute per day.

The factory set value for activating heat stop is an outdoor temperature of 17°C. If the heat stop function is active, the outdoor temperature must drop 3°C below the heat stop setting, before the heat stop is deactivated and heat production starts again.

## Commissioning

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### 8 Installation protocol and customer info

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Fill in the Installation protocol in the User Guide.

After installation and test operation, the customer must be informed about their new heat pump installation. In the User guide there is a checklist regarding the information that the installer must give the customer.



The serial number must always be given for warranty matters. The serial number is on the type plate, which is attached to the heat pump and control unit.

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# Commissioning

## 9 Important information/Safety regulation

### 9.1 General safety precautions

**Warning**



Risk of personal injury! Children are not permitted to play with the product.

**Warning**



As the water temperature in DHP-H Opti Pro and DHP-L Opti Pro becomes extremely hot, a mixer valve must be installed between the cold water and hot water pipes to ensure a lower domestic hot water temperature. Alternatively the maximum hot water temperature must be reduced in the Service menu.

**Warning**



Danfoss SP (1-phase) heat pumps have a factory installed safety valve for temperature and pressure, (10 bar 90-95°C), in accordance with the requirements in Great Britain. This valve is located in the water tank and may not be used for any purpose other than connecting the outlet pipe. Also note that for heat pump DHP-H Opti Pro SP and DHP-L Opti Pro SP it is imperative that the hot water temperature is changed from default setting 95°C to 85°C.

**Caution**



The heat pump must be installed by authorised installation engineers and the installation must follow the applicable local rules and regulations as well as these installation instructions.

**Caution**



This product is not intended for persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or psychological capacity, or who do not have knowledge or experience, unless supervised or they have received instructions on how the apparatus functions from a safety qualified person.

**Caution**



The heat pump must be located in a frost-free environment!

**Caution**



The heat pump must be placed in an area with a floor drain.

**Caution**



The heat pump must be located on a stable base. The floor must be able to support the gross weight of the heat pump with filled hot water tank (see Technical data).

**Caution**



To prevent leaks, ensure that there are no stresses in the connecting pipes!

**Caution**



It is important that the heating system is bled after installation.

**Caution**



Bleed valves must be installed where necessary.

## Commissioning

**Caution**



The hot water tank must be equipped with an approved safety valve.

**Caution**



Heating systems with closed expansion tanks must also be supplied with approved pressure gauges and safety valves.

**Caution**



Cold and hot water pipes and overflow pipes from safety valves must be made of heat resistant and corrosion-resistant material, for example copper. The safety valve overflow pipes must have an open connection to the drain and visibly flow into this in a frost-free environment.

**Caution**



The connecting pipe between the expansion tank and the safety valve must slope continuously upwards. A continuous upwards slope means that the pipe must not slope downwards from the horizontal at any point.



If there is any risk of groundwater infiltration at wall lead-ins for brine pipes, watertight grommets must be used.



In addition to applicable local rules and regulations the installation should be carried out in a manner that prevents vibrations from the heat pump being transmitted into the house causing noise.

### 9.1 Refrigerant

**Caution**



Work on the refrigerant circuit must only be carried out by a certified engineer!

Although the heat pump cooling system (refrigerant circuit) is filled with a chlorine-free and environmentally-approved refrigerant that will not affect the ozone layer, work on this system may only be carried out by authorized persons.

### 9.2 Fire risk

The refrigerant is not combustible or explosive in normal conditions.

### 9.3 Toxicity

In normal use and normal conditions the refrigerant has low toxicity. However, although the toxicity of the refrigerant is low, it can cause injury (or be highly dangerous) in abnormal circumstances or where deliberately abused.

**Warning**



Risk of personal injury! Spaces in which heavy vapour can collect below the level of the air must be well ventilated.

Refrigerant vapour is heavier than air and, in enclosed spaces below the level of a door for example, and in the event of leakage, concentrations can arise with a resultant risk of suffocation due to a lack of oxygen.

## Commissioning

**Warning**



Risk of personal injury! Refrigerant exposed to a naked flame creates a poisonous irritating gas. This gas can be detected by its odour even at concentrations below its permitted levels. Evacuate the area until it has been sufficiently ventilated.

### 9.4 Work on the refrigerant circuit

**Caution**



When repairing the refrigerant circuit, the refrigerant must not be released from the heat pump, it must be treated in the appropriate way.

Draining and refilling must only be carried out using new refrigerant (for the amount and type of refrigerant see manufacturer's plate) through the service valves.

**Caution**



All warranties from Danfoss are void if, when filling with refrigerant other than Danfoss A/S specified refrigerant, if there has not been written notification that the new refrigerant is an approved replacement refrigerant together with other remedies.

### 9.5 Scrapping

**Caution**



When the heat pump is to be scrapped the refrigerant must be extracted for disposal. Local rules and regulations related to the disposal of refrigerant must be followed.

### 9.2 Electrical connection

**Warning**



Hazardous electrical voltage! The terminal blocks are live and can be highly dangerous due to the risk of electric shock. All power supplies must be isolated before electrical installation is started. The heat pump is connected internally at the factory, for this reason electrical installation consists mainly of the connection of the power supply.

**Caution**



Electrical installation may only be carried out by an authorized electrician and must follow applicable local and national regulations.

**Caution**



The electrical installation must be carried out using permanently routed cables. It must be possible to isolate the power supply using an all-pole circuit breaker with a minimum contact gap of 3 mm. (The maximum load for externally connected units is 2A).

## Commissioning

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### 9.3 Water quality

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**Caution**



A normal heating system always contains a certain amount of corrosion particulates (rust) and sludge products from calcium oxide. This comes from acid that is naturally occurring in the fresh water that the system is filled with. It is not good practice to have to fill the heating system regularly which is why any leakage in the heating system should be repaired immediately. Normal filling should occur only once or twice a year. The water in the heating system should be as clean as possible, always position the dirt filter on the return line from the heating system to the heat pump, as close to the heat pump as possible.

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**Caution**



Hard water; Normally it is not a problem installing a heat pump in areas with hard water because the normal operating temperature for the hot water does not exceed 60°C. In areas where there are exceptional prevailing conditions with the water one can install a softening filter, which softens the water, cleans any impurities and prevents the build up of calcification.

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### 9.4 Commissioning

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**Caution**



The installation may only be commissioned if the heating system and brine system have been filled and bled. Otherwise the circulation pumps can be damaged.

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**Caution**



If the installation is only to be driven by the immersion heater during the installation, ensure that the heating system is filled and the brine pump and compressor cannot be started. This is carried out by setting the operating mode to AUX. HEATER.

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## Commissioning

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## Commissioning

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